

No communication will be published in the JOURNAL, unless we are placed in possession of the name of the author.

We are not responsible for the views or expressions of our correspondents.

All communications for personal advantage will be charged for at the rate of one dollar for each inch.

Nominations of Candidates in usual form, not to exceed one inch, FIVE DOLLARS. These charges are to be paid strictly in advance, and no exceptions whatever will be made to the rule.

All communications and contract advertisements MUST be handed in by 12 o'clock on the Saturday before publication to insure insertion in the following issue.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Mail Arrangements.
Post Office Hours—Open at 8 a. m., close at 12 m. Open at 1:30 p. m., close at 5 p. m. Northern, Western and Southern mail close at 5 p. m.

Photographer.—E. H. Shepard's skill as a photographer has attracted people from all parts of the country. He may be found at all hours punctually at his post. Call and see me, friends of town and country, and you will be cordially welcomed. I wish to see and know all the people, and want them to know me. You can have your photograph made in the best style, three for \$1.50. E. H. SHEPARD.

THE FIREMEN.—The Wide Awake Fire Engine Company, colored, of Sumter, returned home on Wednesday last, after having spent a delightful time in Camden as the guests of our colored firemen. It is gratifying to note that the colored firemen are always on the alert and enthusiastic in the discharge of duty.

RECOVERED.—A negro man stole the horse and buggy of a young man over in Darlington last week, leaving his old rip and dilapidated vehicle in their stead, and came to Camden. He left the stolen turnout at the stable of a colored man in town, where it was soon recovered by some gentlemen who were in pursuit. The villain was not overtaken.

THANKS.—Mr. Samuel West will please accept many thanks for the large watermelon he gave to the JOURNAL office last week. It was the largest one we have seen this season—a forty pounder.

DEKALB DEMOCRATIC CLUB.—We are requested to state that this Club will meet at Jones' Hall, on Thursday evening, 15th inst., at which meeting delegates will be elected to the County Convention.

STILL RUNNING.—We are requested to state that the splendid dog, grist and saw mills of Mr. Charles Ray on Buffalo Creek in this county have not stopped operations, as has been reported in some sections. They are still running, and will give perfect satisfaction to all who may favor them their custom.

CURETON'S MILL.—A meeting of Cureton's Mill Club was held on Saturday. There was a full attendance of members. Stirring addresses were delivered by H. R. Flannigan, Esq., and Dr. A. H. Bowen and D. L. DeSaussure. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed, indicating that Cureton's Mill means to have a place in the picture on the 5th of November.

The following gentlemen were elected delegates to the County Convention: W. A. Bailey, C. P. Bowen, J. W. Rose, S. R. Perry, L. B. Rose and J. W. Wood. With the following alternates: Moses Wooden, James Dawkins and T. W. Steel.

ANTIOCH.—Perhaps the largest meeting that has been held in Kershaw during the present campaign was that at Antioch on Saturday last. From eight to twelve hundred persons were present, the most perfect order was preserved by a corps of polite and efficient marshals, the speaking was of the most stirring character, the enthusiasm was boundless, and the dinner, which is always an important feature on such occasions, was rich, varied and abundant. Arriving on the ground about eleven o'clock, the immense throng of persons that met our view satisfied us that though there was to be speaking, such was unnecessary, for the people of eastern Kershaw were already aroused and determined to win on the 5th of November at all hazards.

The meeting, which was held in the church, was called to order by I. F. Holland, Esq., President of Oakland Club, on motion of whom B. M. Brown, Esq., President of Antioch Club, was called to the chair, and F. P. Beard, Esq., of Camden, requested to act as secretary. The proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. J. E. Rodgers, after which addresses were delivered by Messrs. J. T. Hay, W. D. Trantham, J. D. Kennedy and W. Z. Leitner, in the order named. When Judge Leitner finished speaking, dinner was announced, and everybody repaired to the table which had been spread at the spring and did justice to the "inner man." After dinner, the crowd returned to the church, and heard addresses by Messrs. J. D. Shaw, T. H. Clarke, W. M. Shannon, Dr. W. R. Nelson and Rev. J. E. Rodgers—the last named not making a political speech, but urging upon the

audience the importance of inculcating sound moral principles as the greatest safeguard of our institutions. The meeting was in every respect a success, and was but a forecast of what the sturdy Democrats of that community will do throughout the campaign and especially on the 5th of November. We hope that we may be spared to attend another such meeting at Antioch.

RAIN.—The rain storm of the 5th inst. was the heaviest that has fallen in Camden in twenty years. About 4-5 inches fell during the afternoon.

HANGING ROCK.—A picnic was given by Hanging Rock club on Friday last at the Magarie school house. The attendance was large, there being present some five hundred persons, representing both Kershaw and Lancaster counties. At twelve o'clock the meeting was called to order by Mr. W. R. Bruce, the president of Hanging Rock Democratic Club, who made a brief but appropriate speech, explaining the object of the meeting &c., and concluded by introducing Wm. D. Trantham Esq., who was present by invitation. Mr. Trantham spoke about an hour on the issues of the day. He reviewed the history of the government under Radical rule, referred with pride to what had been accomplished in this State by the Democratic party since the inauguration of Hampton, and urged the strictest party organization as the surest and perhaps the only means of effecting the complete redemption of the State.

At the conclusion of the address dinner was announced. This was a bountiful repast of both delicacies and substantial, and was highly enjoyed by all. After dinner short addresses were delivered by Messrs. T. J. Gauthen and Joel Hough, who by the manner in which they spoke showed that they had studied the situation, and were aroused to the importance of Democratic unity as the means of Democratic success. All of the public speaking being now over, and it being yet early in the afternoon, the immense crowd resolved itself into committees of two or more and engaged—some in the discussion of subjects of a more private character than rude politics, while others—those who are now grappling with the realities of life and for whom romance and sentiment possess no charm save in so far as they recall incidents of the spring time of their own lives—feasted upon such topics as usually engage the attention of the old and middle aged. Quite a number of persons, too, repaired to the mill of Maj. James V. Welsh, a short distance away, and passed a few hours in dancing. Late in the evening, the party adjourned, all feeling that the day had been agreeably and profitably spent, and especially indebted to the generous hospitality of the good ladies and gentlemen who made the occasion the success that it was.

BREVITIES.

Mr. J. C. Wolst has commenced painting the new Methodist church.

The Radicals are waking up all over the State.

We hear of two or three planters around Camden who are rushing things to try and have the honor of bringing the first bale of cotton to this market.

For the month of July there was only one death in Camden, (colored adult.) Cause—consumption.

From Western Waterere.

Mr. Editor: Please allow me to trespass upon your time a few minutes. I feel that you will do so, from the fact that you know that the composition of my whole nature, both heart and strength, is in the great duty that is before us in the present campaign.

We must be redeemed. The entire Democracy of Kershaw County will assent to this proposition. The next great idea that presents itself, is how is our redemption to be accomplished?

In the first place I will say it is to be done by (as we all know) the Democratic party; and if we will all move on in this grand and great cause, just in the way that we know to be right, we the Democracy of our great but small county of Kershaw, will witness the redemption of our party on the 5th day of November next. We must all move on as one great mind, yet, at the same time, spread out in 1,800 or 2,000 active agents, all working to accomplish the one glorious end. "Now to the point." I venture the assertion that if the Democratic party (and you all know that I am one of them) continue to pursue the course that is now being agitated in "this" and "that" locality, by this and that would-be leader, that we will meet with a successful defeat. "The rich folks party," "The poor man's party," "Lawyers party," "The farmer's party," &c., &c. In all the name of common reason let us all do away with such ideas, if we do not, we are doomed. This spirit of arraying or generating a feeling of antagonism of our class (as they call it), against another is not what should be the great ruling principle of our Democracy. We are all poor, and we are all tillers of the soil in Kershaw County. We know this is an agricultural district. Every woman and man that can has their 'patch,' his field, his farm or plantation, and those that do not, would to-day be proud to be able, in purse and physique, to drive the plough and the hoe.

When we meet our neighbor, it mat-

ters not where—at the Clubs, at Camden, at the Court House, in the law office, in the State House, or even at church; and it makes no difference what that man's vocation is, the first enquiry (after the usual salutations are exchanged) is how is your crop? and how are the crops in your neighborhood? What does this tell? The answer comes that the tilling of the soil is the highest earthly consideration of us all in this lovely land of the South. Now, away with your dozen different kinds of tickets to be suggested to our convention that is to meet on the 29th inst. All this kind of spirit is, and will be, equally as hurtful to the Democracy as that of encouraging independent candidates. It should not matter from what class you select your Senator or members to the lower house, so they are true Democrats, and have the full measure of ability to carry out the great duties as the agents of the people. And if they are honest they will be the true exponents of their creative elements to their position. If not, they will be demagogues. Wisdom speaks to us all not to be divided. We are strong enough if we will move together. Drive from our hearts the idea of any difference between a rural and an urban population. It is not philosophy. If we are true we are all Democrats. Let us eradicate from our bosoms self aggrandizement and "throw down ambition; by it fell the angels. How can man in his weak humanity be sustained by it."

August 9, 1878. J. A. G.

From liberty Hill.

MR. EDITOR:—I write to give you a brief account of the meeting of the Democratic club at this place held this afternoon. Mr. F. H. Wardlaw was called upon to give an account of the Convention, held in Camden on the 25th of July. He stated that it was decidedly the most satisfactory, harmonious and pleasant convention that he had ever had the pleasure of attending. Mr. L. G. Thompson was then called upon to give an account of the proceedings of the Congressional Convention held in Columbia, to which he was a delegate. He gave a very satisfactory account of the congressional as well as of the State Convention, and in extended remarks informed us how the brave old chief Wade Hampton, was unanimously re-elected to fill the gubernatorial chair of South Carolina for two years more, and how in burning words of eloquence Hampton urged upon the people the necessity of sending good and worthy men to represent us in the Senate and Legislature. Mr. Thompson insisted upon this club sending delegates to the next convention who would look to our interest and who would vote for men who are worthy of our trust and confidence. It was unanimously resolved that Col. L. J. Patterson was the choice of Liberty Hill Democratic Club for the position of Senator. We take pleasure in bringing this grand old farmer and patriot before the people of Kershaw County, and feel confident that if elected, he will be the "right man in the right place." It is useless for me to say more about him, for he is well known throughout the County and State, and worthy of any honor that could be bestowed upon him. I am satisfied that, if nominated, he will carry more colored votes than any man in the county. The following delegates were elected to represent us in the Convention, to be held on the 29th inst. J. G. Richards, W. K. Thompson and L. C. Thompson. Capt. W. L. DePass was present and being called upon to address, made some very instructive and appropriate remarks. Marcellus Smith a prominent colored democrat who has always voted the democratic ticket delivered a very interesting address. He said that the Republican party was like a rail road train, and that the conductor and engineer had now forsaken her, and had left the freeman and brake men to run the machine, and he thought by this winter that they would either have a collision or a smash up, or a little of both. The crops in this section are now suffering very much from the want of rain, and I fear are very materially injured. The Social Club will give their dramatic entertainments on the nights of the 22nd and 23rd insts, the advertisement of which is already in the JOURNAL. Messrs. L. J. Patterson and L. C. Thompson will leave on Monday for Spartanburg to attend the meeting of the State Agricultural Society.

Yours &c.

DEMOCRAT

Liberty Hill, August 10th, 1878.

From Buffalo.

DEAR JOURNAL: I will give you a few dots from our part of the county. The crops, where they have been properly worked, are tolerably good, though the recent drought hurt almost everything and everywhere. We have lately been visited by one of the heaviest rains that ever fell in these parts. The discharges of electricity were terrific, and the rain fell in torrents, where I was, from 7 o'clock in the evening until 10 o'clock. Besides the damage done to crops &c., nearly all of the mills were carried away. The following owners of mills, gins or threshers had the misfortune to lose their dams, and in some instances their houses, viz: J. M. Stroud, Timothy Stroud, Mrs. Mary Sowell, Capt. James Gardner, Thomas Bird and R. Gardner. In addition to these, the "Neal Mill" on Buffalo was also badly damaged. Mr. R. Gardner's was perhaps the greatest wreck. He lost his dam, mill, gin house and everything. I hear that the rocks were washed from where his mill stood and carried on a raft that would weigh 20,000 pounds a hundred yards or more. It is estimated that the water was thirty feet deep at the mill house.

I passed through Mr. J. M. Kirkley's low ground corn on Little Lynnes Creek the other day. It is beautiful. Acre after acre of as

fine corn as was ever seen in this country, and it all cultivated as nicely as a garden, is as beautiful a sight as one cares to behold in these times of general depression. Mr. Kirkley is our model planter in Buffalo township. He says his corn was never better, and that his cotton is also well up to the mark. We did not see the cotton.

We are going out to the picnic at Magarie's to-day, and expect a rousing time. Hope we shall have the pleasure of meeting the editor of the JOURNAL there and hearing him talk on the subject of Straightout Democracy. Yours &c., CIVIS. Buffalo, S. C., Aug. 9th, 1878.

The Phosphate Interest.

(From the Columbia Register.)

We made mention yesterday of the sittings of the Court of claims and spoke with bated breath of the bonded debt of the State and of the good faith of our people in connection therewith. To-day we refer to another topic which also involves good faith and an honest recognition of right and duty. The weather is hot—the blood is up—and in certain localities, judging from what comes to us in the Charleston News and Courier, there is a small tempest at certain points along the coast. The best advice that we can give to the contestants is to keep cool. There are too many great interests before our people to waste so much good ammunition upon unimportant issues. The phosphate question is an important one itself, but it is not a matter to be forced into politics. The Register, several months ago, when the phosphate subject was an open one, had little to say on either side and nothing to say in favor of any particular local interest. The little we did say was rather in favor of what were known as general rights in opposition to special privileges. The truth was, we knew very little of the subject, and in our want of information we were not disposed to give advice, or venture vague opinions. We very soon discovered the propriety of the course we pursue; and it would be well if others, equally informed, could profit by our experience. The last Legislature was called upon at an early period, to act in this matter. They acted in the interest of the State, and not in the interest of private individuals or particular companies; and let us say here that never, within our view, did a public body dealing with any measure before it seem so desirous to do what was proper, prudent, &c. The members, with great responsibilities resting upon them as to other and much more important concerns, came together without the least knowledge of the phosphate deposits in the tide waters of the State. Petitions were presented at the summer session of 1877 asking a grant of franchise to dig and mine in these waters. The Legislature, in our judgment, wisely postponed any action upon these applications and passed a general resolution in effect directing the whole subject involving the law, the facts, the grants heretofore made, and the status of old companies and the property of new grants should be referred to the Attorney General of the State to examine into the entire matter, from the egg to the apple, and report to the Legislature at its next ensuing session in December. Could anything be more prudent or more considerate? Could anything be more becoming in a legislative body, composed, not of rogues and swindlers, but of high-minded gentlemen, acting in the interest of the State and seeking light upon a subject of which they were not informed? General Conner, in obedience to the resolution, was engaged for four months in the conscientious discharge of his duty. He not only examined witnesses, but he procured other evidence upon every conceivable point embraced within the scope of the resolution. This was supplemented by a report to the Legislature, which for industry, painstaking, clearness of statement, logical sequence and legal acumen, has never been surpassed by any paper submitted to that body. This report is a monument of fidelity, discretion, and sound sense and judicial fairness. It satisfied the public and it impresses the Legislature. We yielded at once to the facts and sound reasoning of the report. The Legislature, acting still from the highest sense of public duty, referred General Conner's report to a committee from the Senate and another from the House. These two committees acting independently, but occasionally sitting together, entered again into a laborious investigation of the whole subject. Witnesses were examined before them day after day and night after night from the first days after the recess until the last days of the session. This investigation was not in the interest of any company nor of any individual, but the question discussed was: What is the true interest of the State? What her true policy in dealing with this new and valuable source of revenue? Able arguments were heard by their requests from legal and from politico-economical standpoints, various views were presented and numerous propositions were submitted. At last the committees from both houses almost unanimously agreed upon what is now the law, and what is generally known as Mr. Sumner's bill. If in the general scheme so proposed there was anything looking to individual interests at the sacrifice of the public good, it does not appear upon the face of the act; nor can so grave a charge be justly made against the high-minded and honorable men who moved the act, or against those who composed these committees. That there might have been and probably was some discontent as to the partition of the territory among those asking grants from the Legislature, we can readily suppose; but, under like circumstances, what scheme or what plan could have given universal satisfaction? There must in the nature of things always be some disappointment, and that there should be some grumbling, some hard thought, and even some hard words, was only to be expected. The grumblers themselves would probably have wrote a much more unequal partition; and it is from these in the main

that the noise and dissatisfaction now come. They do not come from the people. But all this is a matter of very small importance to the State. Long as she receives her taxes from the new industry in the shape of the royalty exacted, her interests are secure. But behind all this the real question in which she is interested is the question of good faith.

With the best lights before them, the representatives of the State, her trusted servants, have passed the act which is now law. What does the dragging of this law before the people mean? Does it mean that what has been done at the cost of so much time, so much labor and so much consideration shall now be undone? Does it mean that there is nothing in the good name and the good faith of the State? These things are far more valuable to her and her people in the present and in the future than phosphate beds and phosphate royalties. Let the State as she again unfurls the banner of reform write in broad letters upon its folds, good faith. The want of it will sap the manhood and destroy the public eye, and the private virtue of any people. To cover a glaring violation of good faith those who are now agitating this phosphate question and are now seeking to open it anew resort to the old cry of monopoly. Wherein is that act of the Legislature obnoxious to this grave charge? It has incorporated at least a dozen companies and has opened the door wide for any and all persons who may choose to come in as corporations. And wherein are these companies any more of monopolies than the grant of a ferry franchise? or the incorporation of a bank issue? or the incorporation of a railway company? or in fact, the grant of any special powers to any company or association, organized for its own advantage it is true, but at the same time working in the interest of the people at large? The phosphate question is interesting to us as journalists, and, in our judgment, to the people of the State, only in the following particulars:

1. That this new industry should be fostered and developed to the greatest advantage to the State as a means of bringing capital into her limits.
2. That the taxes due to her in the shape of royalty shall be punctually paid; and to secure this the more responsible parties the larger and more certain will be this revenue.
3. But above all, let the good faith of the State be kept unimpaired; and in this, as in all else that she undertakes, let her word be better than her bond; let her name stand hereafter as it has stood heretofore, as a synonym for honor.

Camden Democratic Club.

A meeting of Camden Democratic Club will be held on Tuesday evening, the 20th inst., at 8 o'clock in Jones' Hall, for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Nominating Convention. A full attendance is important.

J. D. DUNLAP, President.

Overtasking the Energies.

It is not advisable for any of us to overtask our energies, corporeal or mental, but in the eager pursuit of wealth or fame or knowledge, how many transgress this salutary rule. It must be a matter of great importance to all who do so to know how they can regain the vigor so recklessly expended. The remedy is not costly or difficult to obtain. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is procurable in every city, town and settlement in America, and it compensates for a drain of bodily or mental energy more effectually than any invigorant ever prescribed or advertised. Laboring men, athletes, students, journalists, lawyers, clergymen, physicians, all bear testimony to its wonderful renovating powers. It money to its wonderfully renovating powers. It increases the capabilities for undergoing fatigue, and counteracts the injurious effects upon the system of exposure, sedentary habits, unhealthful or wearing avocations, or an unsanitary climate, and is a prime alternative, diuretic and blood purifier.

A Man of a Thousand.

A Consumptive accidentally cured. When death was hourly expected, all remedies having failed, and Dr. H. James was experimenting with the many herbs of Calcutta, he accidentally made a preparation of Canbadi India, which cured his only child of consumption. His child is now in this country and enjoying the best of health. Desirous of benefiting the afflicted, the Doctor now gives this Recipe free, on receipt of two stamps to pay expenses. There is not a single symptom of Consumption that it does not at once take hold of and dissipate. Night sweats, feverishness, irritation of the nerves, failure of memory, difficult expectoration, sharp pains in the lungs, sore throat, chilly sensations, nausea and wasting away of the bowels, sea sickness, inaction of the bowels, Gravel and Gout, 1032 and 1034 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa., giving the name of this paper.

Liberty Hill Dramatic Club.

will give one of their DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENTS on the nights of 22nd and 23rd inst. They will act

"She Stoops to Conquer,"

BY GOLDSMITH, together with two laughable farces: THE BLACK STATUE and A REGULAR FIX.

The proceeds to go towards building a Presbyterian Church. Admission 50 cents. Arrangements will be made to entertain all who come.

Tobacco !! Tobacco !!

A choice lot of Fine and common Chewing Tobacco Consisting of Cable Coil Navy, Twist, Fine and common, Plug and Fine Cut, just received and for sale at bottom prices by KIRKLEY & SMITH.

Crockery, Glass Ware, &c.

We have just received a fine assortment of CROCKERYWARE, GLASSWARE, Brooms, Buckets, Flour Pails, Baskets, &c., which we will sell at greatly reduced prices. Lamp Chimneys, all sizes, very cheap. KIRKLEY & SMITH.

The Best Butter.

Cheese, Macaroni, &c., for sale by J. D. DUNLAP, 1032 and 1034 Race St.

Sheriff's Sale.

South Carolina—Kershaw County.

W. L. Arthur, Sheriff.

W. B. Albert, Administrator.

Under and by virtue of two executions hereto, to me directed, I will sell in front of the Court House in Camden, on the first Monday (the second day) in September next, within the legal hours of sale, the following tracts of land, situated in the County and State aforesaid.

All that tract of land situated on Horsepen Branch, containing five hundred acres more or less, bounded south by Gordon's Mill tract, and east line cross just below the race of mill, on both sides of Horsepen Branch from that line to Twenty-five Mile Creek, largest part on west side of Creek, west by lands formerly of Chesnut and old Mr. Sanders, north and south by lands formerly of Brevard & Harrah.

Also that tract of land on Horsepen Branch, containing 625 acres, more or less, bounded northwest by lands formerly of Everard Cureton, southwest by lands formerly of A. Watkins, southeast by lands of Wiley Albert, northeast by lands formerly of Peter Holliday, described in plat attached to deed of Everard Cureton to Samuel Albert, dated Nov. 17, 1819.

Three tracts containing 2,000 acres—one tract on Cat Tail Branch, waters of Sawney's Creek, bounded west by lands formerly of Francis Knighton, north by lands of John Robertson, south by Canteys lands—one tract on Beaver Dam Branch, bounded south by lands formerly of David J. Cook, on other sides by Canteys lands—one tract on Horsepen Branch, bounded north and south by lands of Burwell Albert, east by lands formerly of George Stratford, and west by lands formerly of Wade Monk. The whole body composed of all of above tracts, being bounded north by lands of A. H. Bowen and W. A. Bailey, east by lands of Joe Albert and others, south by lands of E. J. Gerald, and west by lands of Daniel Motley and estate of Bailey.

Also the Cureton Mill tract, bounded north by lands of estate of Burwell Albert, south by lands of Joseph Allen and Frank Nelson, east by lands of Baum Bros., and west by

Levied upon as the property of the Estate of Burwell Albert, deceased, at the suit of W. L. Arthur. Terms cash. aug 13-31 JOHN DOBY, S. K. C.

Sheriff's Sale.

A. Willeford

W. S. Jones, J. L. Jones, M. A. Brown, Execution.

By virtue of an execution above stated case, I will sell in front of the Court House in Camden, on the first Monday in September next, within the legal hours of sale the following described property, viz: All that lot of land with buildings thereon, situated in the village of Liberty Hill, in county of Kershaw and State of South Carolina, containing three acres more or less, and bounded on the North by Peary's Ferry road east by public road, South by lands of Henry Brace, and West by lands of J. Patterson. Levied upon as the property of Mrs. M. A. Brown at the suit of A. Willeford. Terms—cash. JOHN DOBY, S. K. C. aug 13-31

Sheriff's Sale.

R. M. Kennedy

J. M. Davis

By virtue of the above named execution to me directed I will sell in front of the Court House in Camden on the first Monday in September next, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, the following described property:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land, lying, being and situated in the county of Kershaw and State of South Carolina, containing twenty nine and one half acres more or less, and bounded on the north by Little Pine Tree Creek, South by Darlington Road, and West by Republic Street—levied upon as the property of James M. Kennedy, deceased, at the suit of Rebt. M. Kennedy. Terms—cash. JOHN DOBY, S. K. C. aug 13-31

MORTGAGE SALE.

State of South Carolina.

Kershaw County.

Gibbs Carter } Mortgage of Real Estate.

to

George Allen.

Whereas Gibbs Carter did execute a mortgage in favor of the undersigned to secure the payment of a note for the sum of Five Hundred Dollars, with interest from date at the rate of 12 per cent. per month, dated January 1, 1876, upon the premises herein described, which mortgage is duly recorded in the office of the Register of Meane Conveyances for Kershaw County in Book "D D," Pages 389 and 390, which said mortgage contains a power of sale, authorizing the undersigned, his heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, to grant, bargain, sell, release and convey the premises hereinafter described at public auction or vendue:

Under and by virtue of said power of sale I, the said George Allen, will sell at public outcry, before the Court House door in Camden, on the first Monday (the second day) of September next, within the legal hours of sale, the following real estate mortgaged to me by the said Gibbs Carter: All that piece, parcel or tract of land, situated in Kershaw County and State of South Carolina, whereon Gibbs Carter then resided containing forty-five acres, upon which there is a two-story frame dwelling, one brick kitchen, one frame stable and two out-houses. The said tract of land being known as a part of the Burrows tract of land, sold to the State and purchased therefrom by said Gibbs Carter, being bounded on the north and west by other portions of the said Burrows tract, and on the east and south by Swift Creek.

Terms—cash. Purchaser to pay for papers.

GEORGE ALLEN, Mortgagee.

aug 6-14

Albemarle Female Institute.

Charlottesville, Va. \$200 for Board and Literary Tuition for Nine months, beginning October 1st. Music, Drawing and Painting extra. For Catalogues address M. A. G. SMITH, Supt., Bethel P. O., Fannin County, Va.

CLASSICAL AND MILITARY ACADEMY, NEAR WARRENTON, VA. Prepares for College, University or Business. Recommended for Location, Health, Morality, Scholarship and Discipline. TERMS—Board and Tuition per half session \$10. For Catalogues address M. A. G. SMITH, Supt., Bethel P. O., Fannin County, Va.

THOMASVILLE FEMALE COLLEGE.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

The 22nd Session begins August 24th, 1878. Board and Tuition in English per month \$10. A first class instruction, unsurpassed for beauty of location, health and every requisite. Light thoroughly qualified LIVE teachers. Unusually extensive and thorough course. Three grades of students. To accommodate the steadily increasing patronage a large addition to the building is in progress. For Catalogues address H. W. KENNEDY, President.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

THE 22nd Session begins August 24th, 1878. Board and Tuition in English per month \$10. A first class instruction, unsurpassed for beauty of location, health and every requisite. Light thoroughly qualified LIVE teachers. Unusually extensive and thorough course. Three grades of students. To accommodate the steadily increasing patronage a large addition to the building is in progress. For Catalogues address H. W. KENNEDY, President.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

THE 22nd Session begins August 24th, 1878. Board and Tuition in English per month \$10. A first class instruction, unsurpassed for beauty of location, health and every requisite. Light thoroughly qualified LIVE teachers. Unusually extensive and thorough course. Three grades of students. To accommodate the steadily increasing patronage a large addition to the building is in progress. For Catalogues address H. W. KENNEDY, President.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

THE 22nd Session begins August 24th, 1878. Board and Tuition in English per month \$10. A first class instruction, unsurpassed for beauty of location, health and every requisite. Light thoroughly qualified LIVE teachers. Unusually extensive and thorough course. Three grades of students. To accommodate the steadily increasing patronage a large addition to the building is in progress. For Catalogues address H. W. KENNEDY, President.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

THE 22nd Session begins August 24th, 1878. Board and Tuition in English per month \$10. A first class instruction, unsurpassed for beauty of location, health and every requisite. Light thoroughly qualified LIVE teachers. Unusually extensive and thorough course. Three grades of students. To accommodate the steadily increasing patronage a large addition to the building is in progress. For Catalogues address H. W. KENNEDY, President.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

THE 22nd Session begins August 24th, 1878. Board and Tuition in English per month \$10. A first class instruction, unsurpassed for beauty of location, health and every requisite. Light thoroughly qualified LIVE teachers. Unusually extensive and thorough course. Three grades of students. To accommodate the steadily increasing patronage a large addition to the building is in progress. For Catalogues address H. W. KENNEDY, President.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

THE 22nd Session begins August 24th, 1878. Board and Tuition in English per month \$10. A first class instruction, unsurpassed for beauty of location, health and every requisite. Light thoroughly qualified LIVE teachers. Unusually extensive and thorough course. Three grades of students. To accommodate the steadily increasing patronage a large addition to the building is in progress. For Catalogues address H. W. KENNEDY, President.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

THE 22nd Session begins August 24th, 1878. Board and Tuition in English per month \$10. A first class instruction, unsurpassed for beauty of location, health and every requisite. Light thoroughly qualified LIVE teachers. Unusually extensive and thorough course. Three grades of students. To accommodate the steadily increasing patronage a large addition to the building is in progress. For Catalogues address H. W. KENNEDY, President.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

THE 22nd Session begins August 24th, 1878. Board and Tuition in English per month \$10. A first class instruction, unsurpassed for beauty of location, health and every requisite. Light thoroughly qualified LIVE teachers. Unusually extensive and thorough course. Three grades of students. To accommodate the steadily increasing patronage a large addition to the building is in progress. For Catalogues address H. W. KENNEDY, President.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

THE 22nd Session begins August 24th, 1878. Board and Tuition in English per month \$10. A first class instruction, unsurpassed for beauty of location, health and every requisite. Light thoroughly qualified LIVE teachers. Unusually extensive and thorough course. Three grades of students. To accommodate the steadily increasing patronage a large addition to the building is in progress. For Catalogues address H. W. KENNEDY, President.

DAVIDSON, CO. N. C.

THE 22nd Session